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**Department of Forensic Medicine, SNMC, Agra &
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Topic	Study of deaths due to poisoning among the autopsies conducted at GMC/GGH, NIZAMABAD.
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Study Of Deaths Due To Poisoning Among The Autopsies Conducted At Govt. Medical College & General Hospital, Nizamabad- Telangana State.

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Abstract:

Poison produces toxicity with high probability of toxic effects which can be accidental exposure or intentional exposure. Many studies suggests mortality is high in deliberate self poisoning. The rising incidences of suicide poisoning with prevalence made me to undertake this study to know the pattern, trends and other factors of deaths due to poisoning and there by drawing the attention of the health policy makers. All poisoning cases are recorded as unnatural deaths. In the present century poisoning has become a major epidemic of non communicable diseases. Suicide a major problem among industrialized nations has shifted its paradigm into the developing countries. Deaths due to poisoning contributes high among unnatural deaths according to national crime record bureau-india.

Objective: To study Trends, Factors, Manner in death, P.M.E findings and F.S.L results of death due to poisoning.

Materials and Methods: The present study was deaths due to poisoning among the atopsies conducted at govt. Medical college & general hospital nizamabad-telangana state during the period 2021January- 2022 August.

Conclusions: Poisoning is a major socioeconomic problem and public health concern in agricultural countries like India. Hence the need for studies to recognize the trends in poisoning relevant to Age, gender, marital status, demographic area, manner, and agent causing the death is necessary which are obtained from Inquest, P.M.E's and Reportsof chemical analysis of viscera from T.S.F.S.L.

Results: Hence the findings of the study helpful to access the rising incidence of accidental or intentional exposure of various poisons, trends, patterns and other factors of deaths due to poisoning.

Keywords: Poisoning, Deaths, Autopsies, Nizamabad, Postmortem Examination(P.M.E).